PROPOSAL for CASCADIA HIGH SPEED RAIL

MULTI-MODAL BRIDGE

TWO I-5 TUNNELS

HAYDEN ISLAND BRIDGE

and I-5 BRIDGE SEISMIC UPGRADE

Why do this alternative:

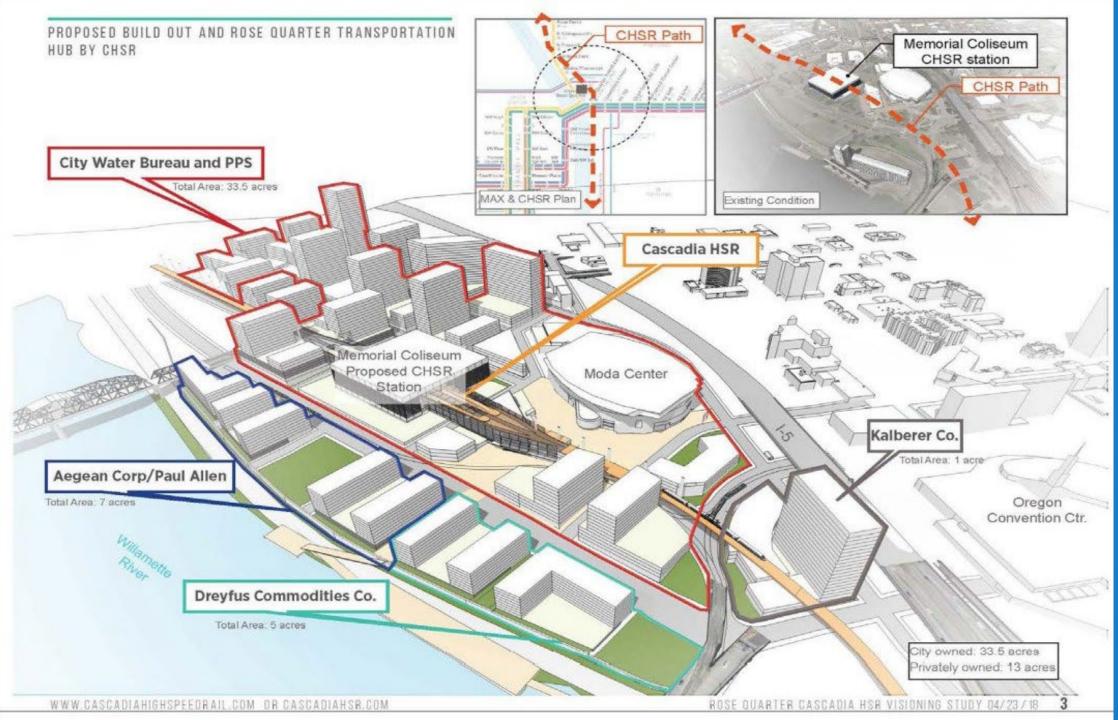
- Satisfies Coast Guard and FAA height requirements and thus meets the needs of all boat, auto, transit, bike, and pedestrian transport without the steep inclines that the IBR Bridge Proposal has.
- All construction can occur without transportation delays. Viaducts in Vancouver can remain.
- Easily meets federal funding requirements in reducing CO2 emissions and satisfies equity concerns.
- Seismic upgrades to existing I-5 Bridges for long-term use do not necessitate costly environmental measures needed during demolition if or when it is needed.
- Relieves traffic congestion, cheaper to construct, and has little negative impact on the environment and downtown Vancouver.
- Commences the first Cascadia High Speed Rail six-minute link between Portland Rose Quarter and Vancouver Waterfront and other high-speed rail connections between multi-modal transportation hubs and new livable communities.
- Using the existing six lanes on upgraded I-5 Bridges and the new four lanes in tunnels creates options for all traffic, bike, and pedestrian modes without strenuous elevation differences.

CRC between Portland and Vancouver, WA Four-Part Solution Alternative Proposal by Rudy Niederer and Brad Perkins of CHSR, LLC



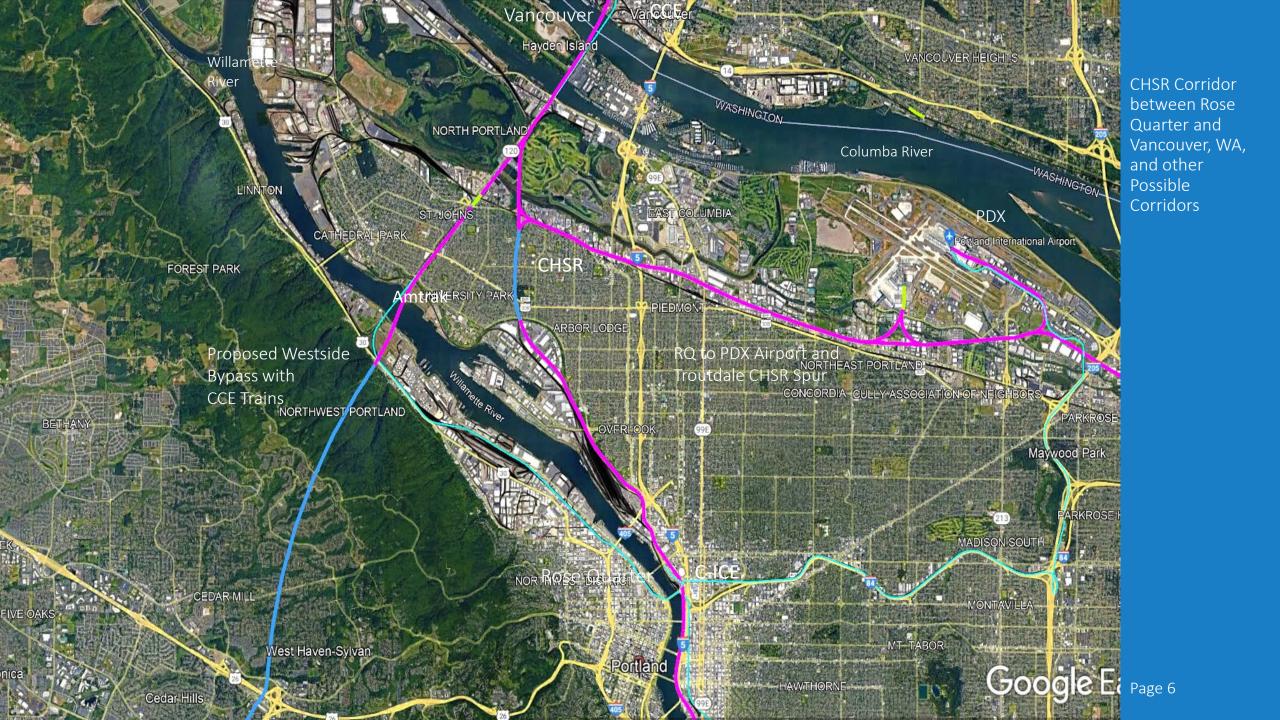
Cascadia High-Speed Rail Multi-Modal Bridge

- Is part of the first phase of the CHSR corridor from Portland's Rose Quarter to Seattle, with a travel time of 58 minutes
- Dependable and efficient, not affected by weather, earthquakes, and I-5 congestion delays
- With this double-deck bridge possibility, it can serve CHSR, BNSF, UPRR, and a four-lane expressway from Washington County to Vancouver's NW 78 St I-5 interchange.
- See the Western bypass of Hwy 217 and Hwy 26 as a catalyst for livable, mixed-use developments around Portland RQ and Vancouver Waterfronts' new transportation hub.



The Rose Quarter Transportation Hub

The proposed phased development is to coincide with the CHSR station and mixed-use opportunities.





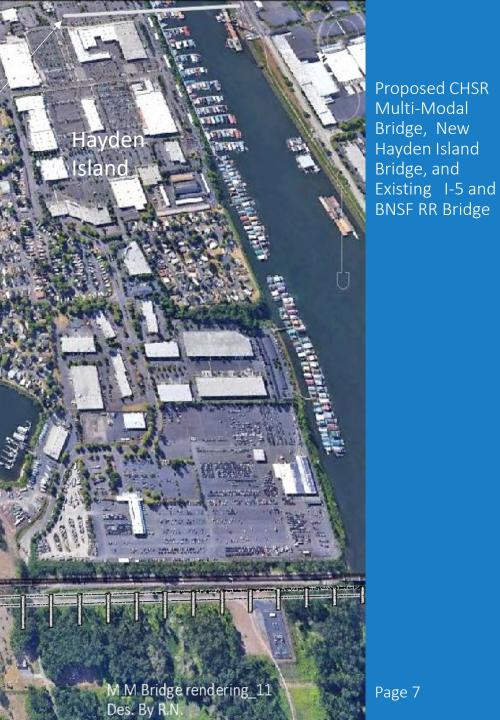
I-5 Bridges

New Hayden Island Bridge

Columbia River Flow

BNSF Rail Bridge

CHSR Multi-Modal Bridge



Columbia River

> Bridge clearance 150' between river and bottom off Br. deck

Multi-Modal Bridge 3x3 arches r 10300' 0.55°

Two piers in the Columbia River

West Hayden Island

Motorway is outside the rail tracks during the Hayden Island crossing

Not all piers shown Rail grade 1.2% ><

E 25th St W 24th St W 23rd St Vancouver, WA Vancouver W 21st St E 20th S VV 20th St E 19th St W 19th St 51 B(0 t 5 W 17th St 5 E 17th St

E 8th St

5

BNSF Swing Bridge

V 22nd S

Ci Hwy

Pier spacing 830'

@2015 Google

HSR M_M_Br_06d . rev Des. by R.N. Google earth

5th S

Proposed CHSR Bridge

This CHSR bridge will accommodate CHSR tracks, freight tracks, and automotive traffic.

Mill Plain Blvd

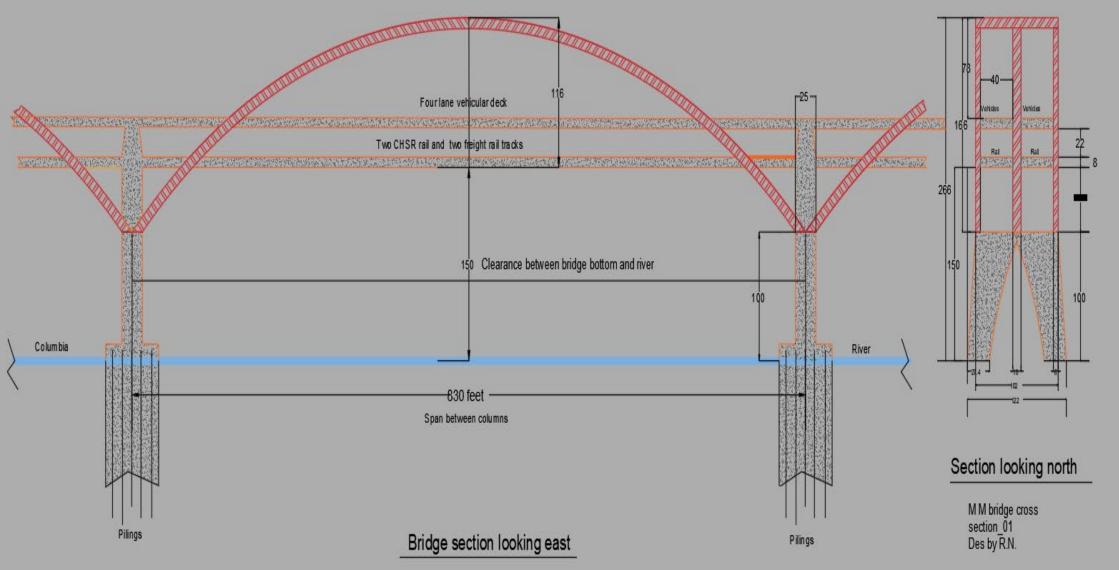
Officers Row

Proposed Four Arched Bridge with Two Decks for CHSR and Freight Rail on the Lower Deck and Future Vehicles on the Upper Deck

The existing BNSF Bridge is in the foreground and 150 ft east of the Cascadia Multi-Modal Bridge.

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Existing BNSF Rail Bridge



CHSR Multi-Modal Arched Bridge

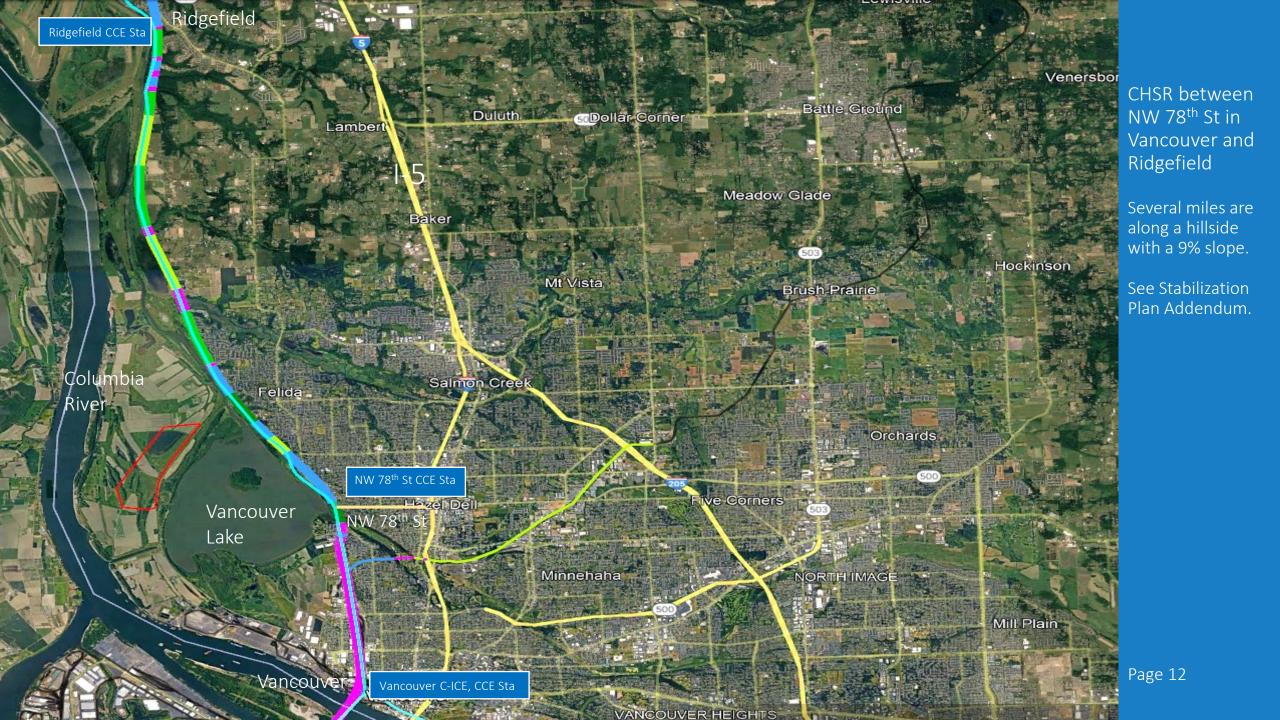
The CHSR bridge has four arches. This design will reduce overall heights to prevent air traffic conflicts.

The CHSR Multi-Modal Bridge has two tracks for CHSR and two for freight rail transport. The upper deck is for future four-lane vehicle traffic.



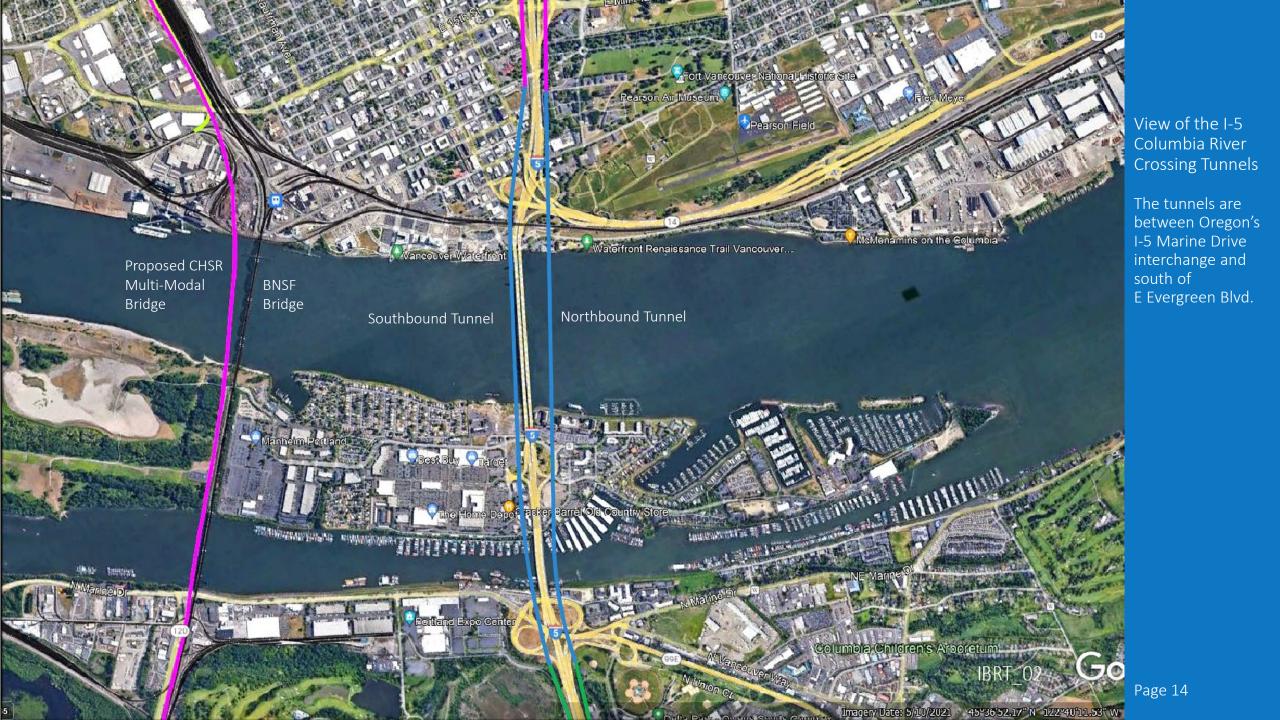
The Proposed Vancouver, WA CHSR Station

This area can be developed for housing and commercial buildings.



I-5 Double Tunnel

- This tunnel option will be less challenging to construct than the 12 to 18-story bridge option required by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The tunnel option will also significantly minimize traffic disruption during construction.
- The tunnel distances are needed to hold acceptable grade percentages.
- The proposed tunnels are single-bores with two traffic lanes in each tunnel. The double tunnels, with two lanes north and two south, are alternatives to the remaining seismically upgraded existing bridges and the new Cascadia High-Speed Rail Multi-Modal Bridge 1.3 miles to the west of I-5.
- The Oregon and Washington side will receive new on/off ramps to connect with the existing I-5 lanes.
 - IBR tunnels_03 pdf
 - Des, by R.N
 - Page 13



From Marine Dr

Fly over MAX to relayed N Expo Rd

1 dipe -

Two lanes from southbound tunnel

Relayed MAX tracks

Relayed N Expo Rd

To Marine Dr

From I-5

To N Union Ct

Two lanes to northbound tunnel

Existing Midsection Between N Victory Blvd and I-5/Marine Drive Interchanges.

The connection to Delta Park must be on flyovers for safe passage over the new tunnel ramps of the I-5 interchange connections.

IBRT_05 Des by RN

45:35'54 00" N 122941'00 41



Existing northbound off ramp

N Denver Ave

New northbound off ramp on flyover

Image Landsal / Copernicus

Delta Park Vanport Area

1011 1014 10

(45=3541.07" 1 122=45 55.02" V/ when 3 it wy a alt

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94 193 ALL LASTRE

The new northbound offramp will start farther south than the existing one.

This can be constructed with no existing traffic interruptions.

The off-ramp south of N Victory Blvd is in in-fill.

Gle E Page 16



Re-lay MAX and NE Expo Rd to the west to provide room for the over and under tunnel access

E 8'

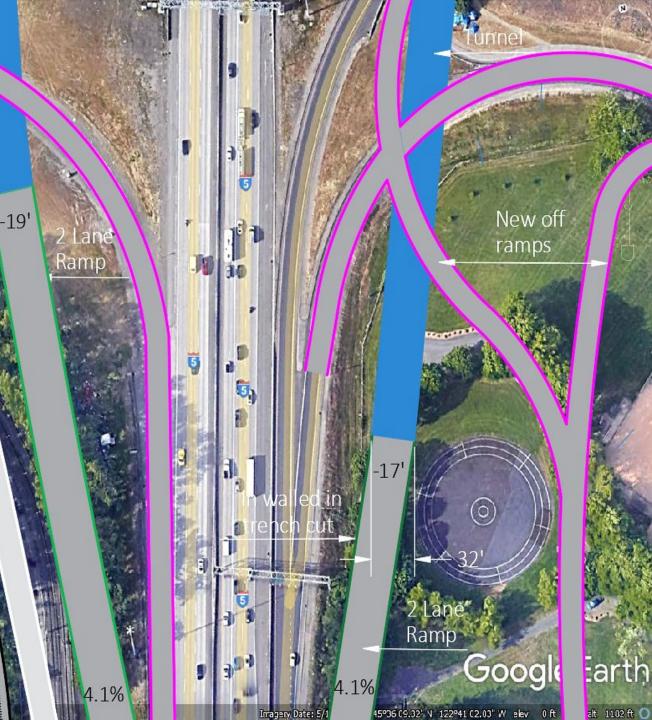
In walled

in trench

New on

Ramp

IBRT_03 Des by RN



CRC Tunnels

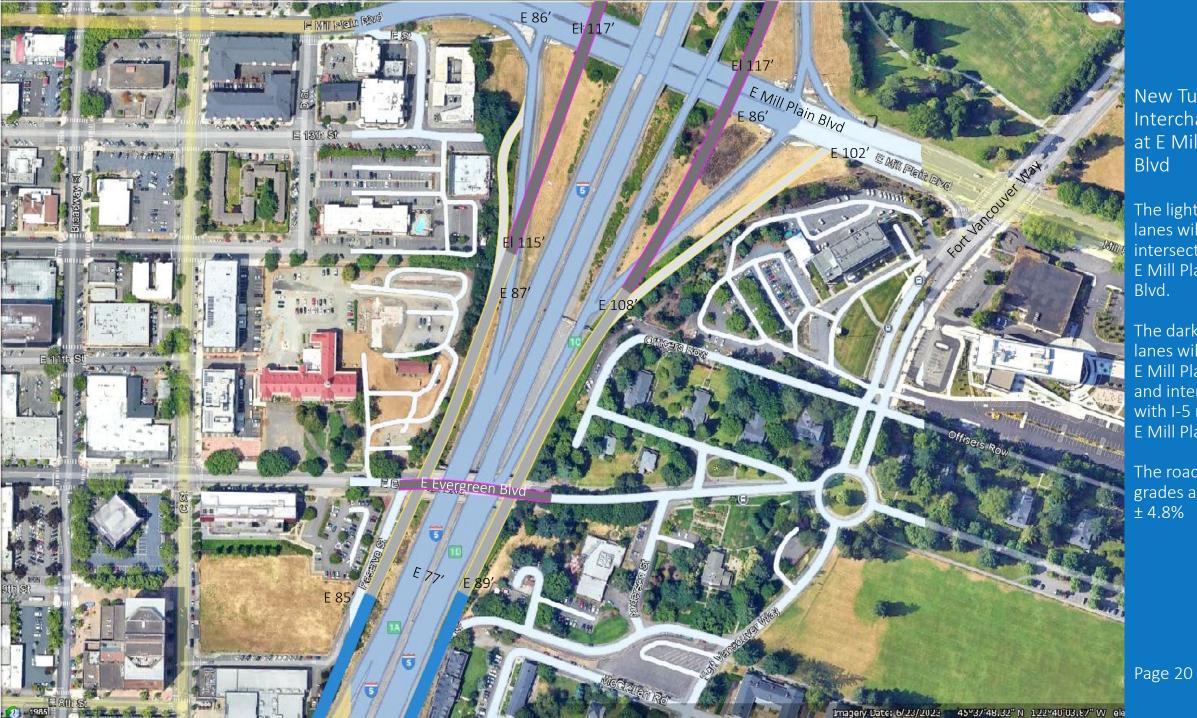
Oregon side for tunnel entrances located south of I-5 and Marine Drive interchanges.

The existing I-5 has northbound traffic lanes on the east and southbound lanes on the west.

The tunnel bore diameter is 32 feet. The lanes have no roadway shoulders.

Approaches are walled to prevent flooding.



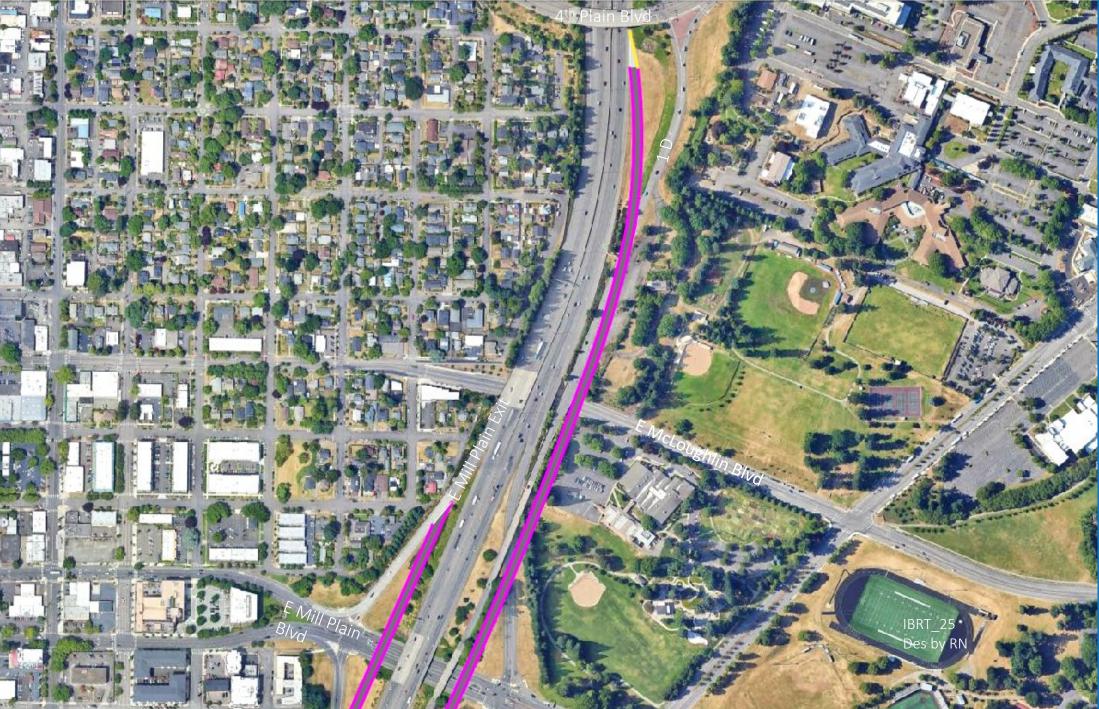


New Tunnels Interchanges at E Mill Plain

The light gray lanes will intersect with E Mill Plaine

The dark grey lanes will fly over E Mill Plain Blvd. and intersect with I-5 north of E Mill Plain Blvd.

> The roadway grades are ± 4.8%



E Mill Plain Blvd Interchange to 4th Plain Blvd

The new twolane northbound must fly over the existing 1 D roadway and intersect at 4th Plaine Blvd with I-5.

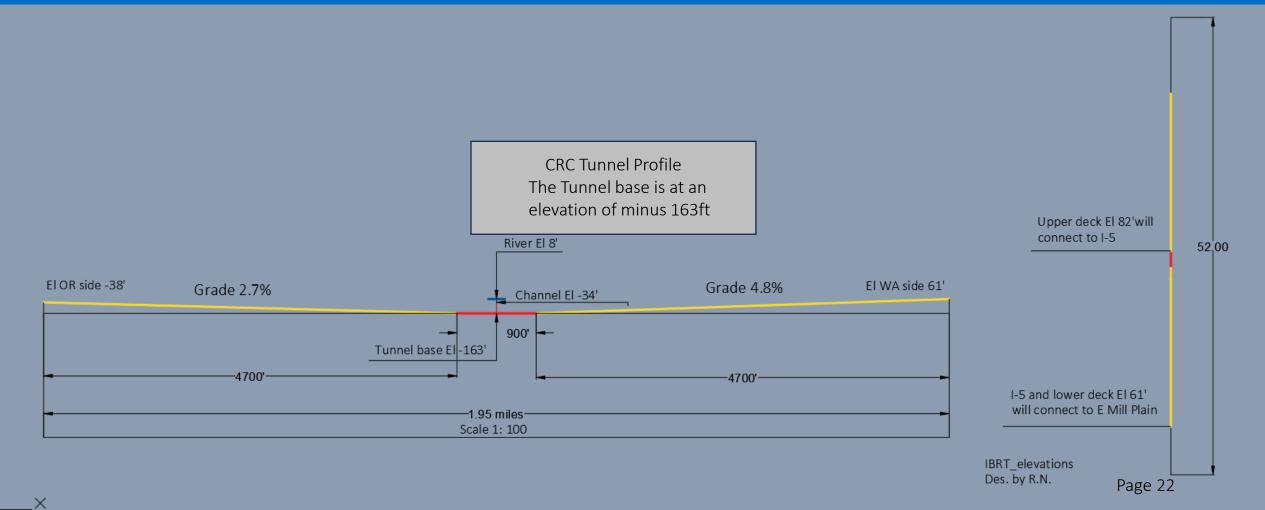
The southbound lane will use part of the existing E Mill Plaine Blvd exit and then enter the ramp to the southbound tunnel.

Tunnel Profile Dimensions

• Only the lower ramp elevations are indicated in this drawing.

The tunnel base is purposely at >< -163', this will prevent a possible tunnel upheaval in the river during an earthquakes liquified river bottom.

The boring for the tunnel will be challenging for the shielded TBM's, they may encounter large boulders along the line. The Oregon tunnel entrance side is below sea level and will need initial ground freezing. The answer may be the proposed Multi-Modal Bridge with its additional traffic lanes.



Hayden Island Auxiliary Bridge

- This proposal is to bring MAX and automotive traffic to Hayden Island.
- This auxiliary bridge will relieve traffic on the I-5 bridges by providing alternative motor and MAX access to Hayden Island, reducing the I-5 bottleneck.
- The bridge elevation is the same as the I-5 bridges.
- The interchanges are with Marine Dr. W, N Marine Dr., N Vancouver Way, NE M L K Jr. Blvd., and I-5.
- The automotive traffic has a modern elevated inter-loop layout to eliminate additional traffic signals.

Des. By R.N. Not to scale Page 23



Hayden Island Auxiliary Bridge

The MAX line will be in the center arch over the Columbia River Slough at the same elevation as I-5.

Northbound vehicles are parallel to the southbound vehicle corridor on the outside of the MAX corridor/

The N Marine Dr./MLK Jr. Blvd and the northbound W Marine Dr. have new traffic signals.



Hayden Island Auxiliary Br-05

3

7 ins

Marine Drive V



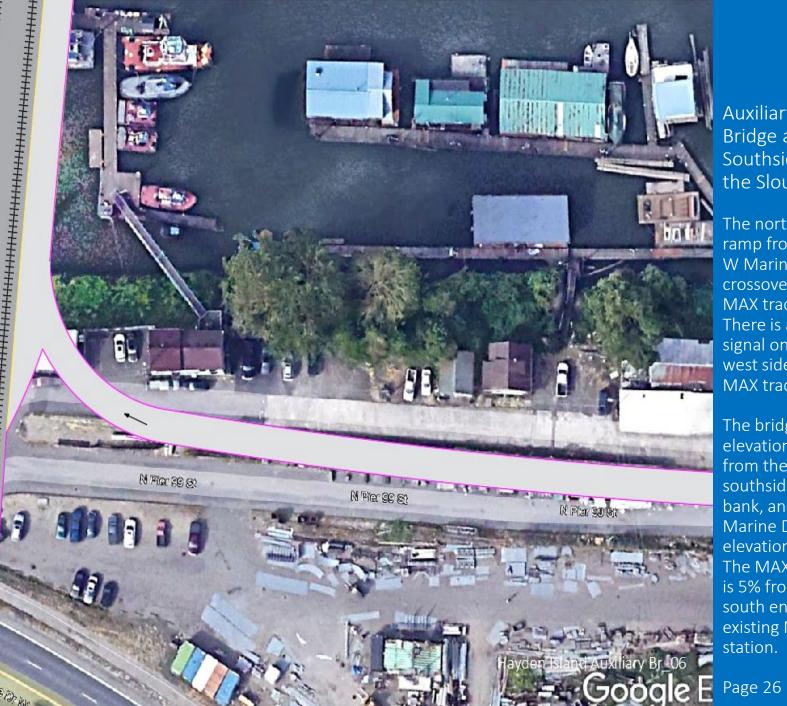
N Per as s

over the W Marine Dr and the Hayden Island Southbound offramp.

The current MAX station will require some elevation raising to reduce the grade %. A direct climb would be 9.5%, which is too steep for MAX trains.

Google Page 25



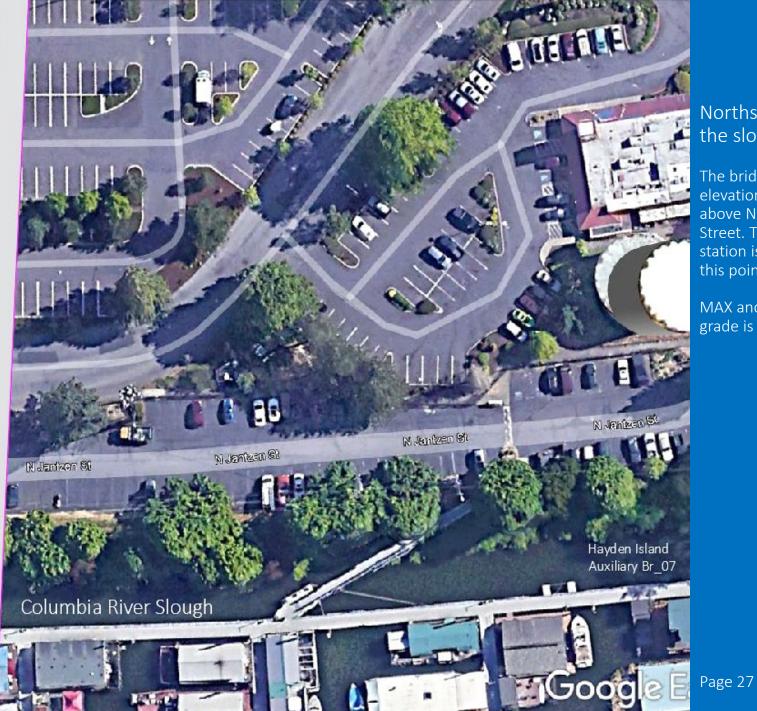


Auxiliary Bridge at the Southside of the Slough

The northbound ramp from W Marine Dr will crossover the MAX tracks. There is a traffic signal on the west side of the MAX tracks.

The bridge elevation is 38' from the southside slough bank, and the Marine Dr elevation is 14'. The MAX grade is 5% from the south end of the existing MAX station.

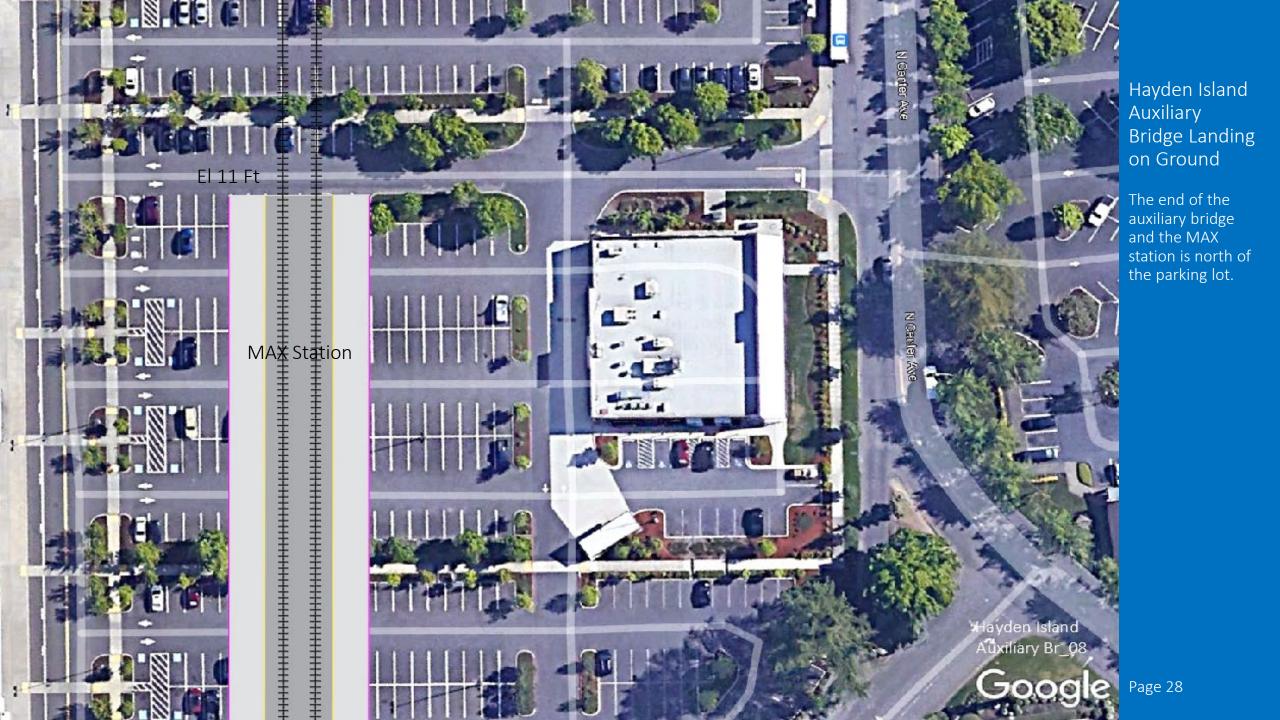


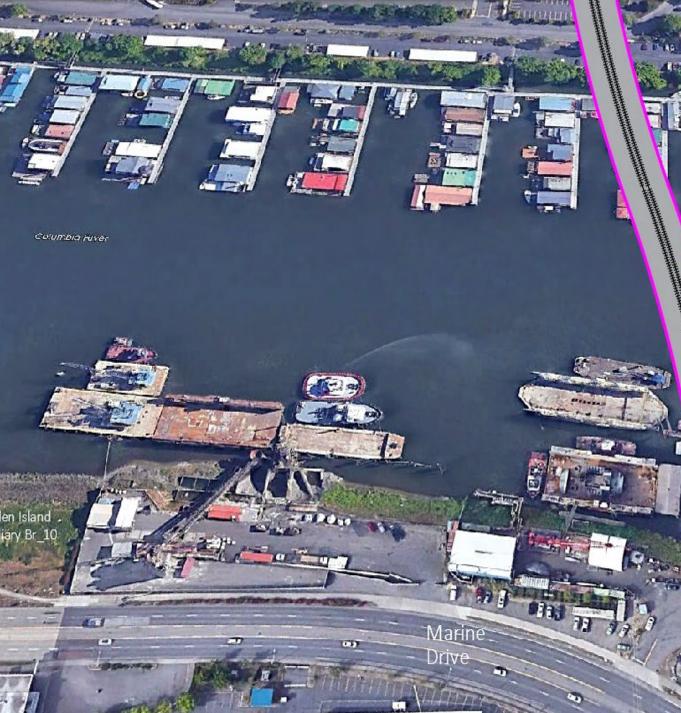


Northside of the slough.

The bridge elevation is 30 ft above N Janzen Street. The MAX station is north of this point.

MAX and roadway grade is 4.%.





APPENDIX AND AND A



Columbia River Columbia River Slough

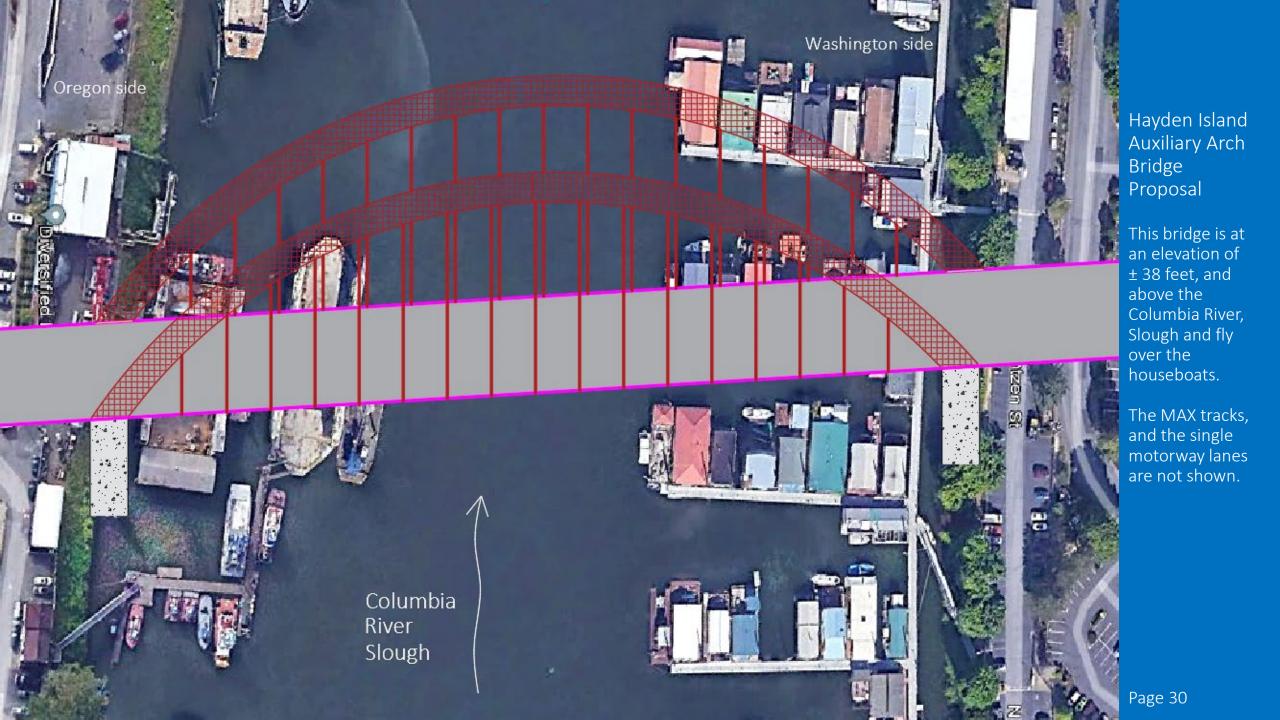


The Columbia River Slough will have an Arch Bridge like the proposed Multi-Modal Bridge, spanning 830.

The construction will be in a lighter format than the Multi-Modal bridge.

The MAX and roadway details are not shown.

The grey fields have regular bride columns for the bridge.



I-5 Bridges Seismic Upgrade

- The pictures below show the possibilities.
- This upgrade can be done with no bridge closures.
- We have the equipment for the pile driving
- Barges can enter the center waterway under the existing bridge crest north of the state line.

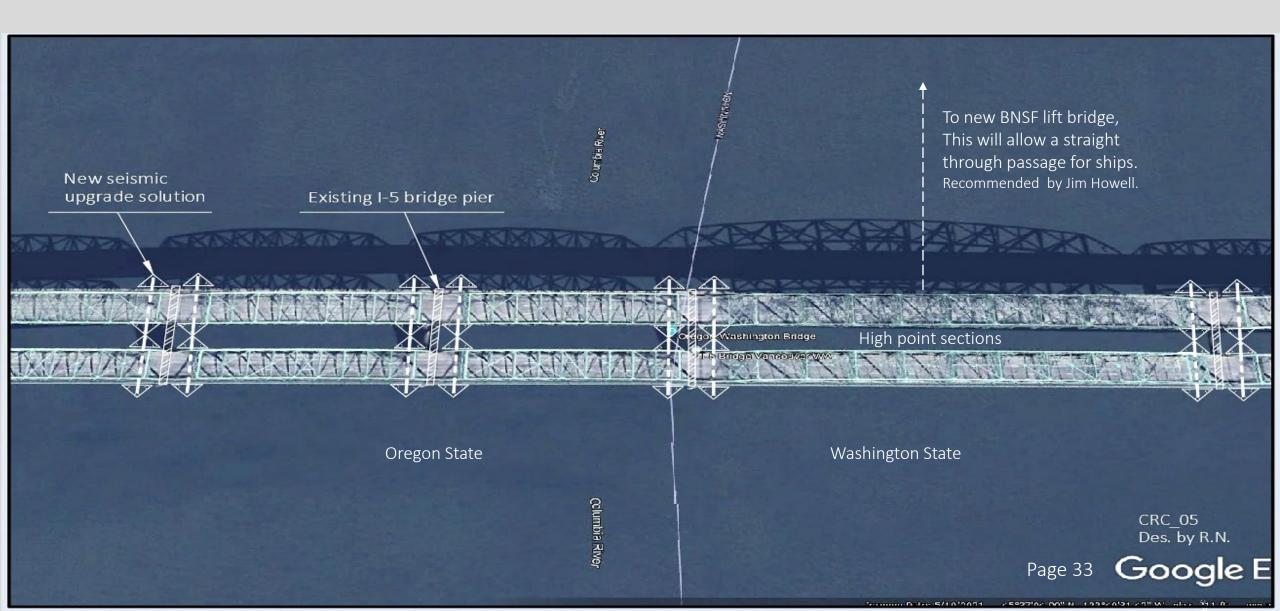


High point section

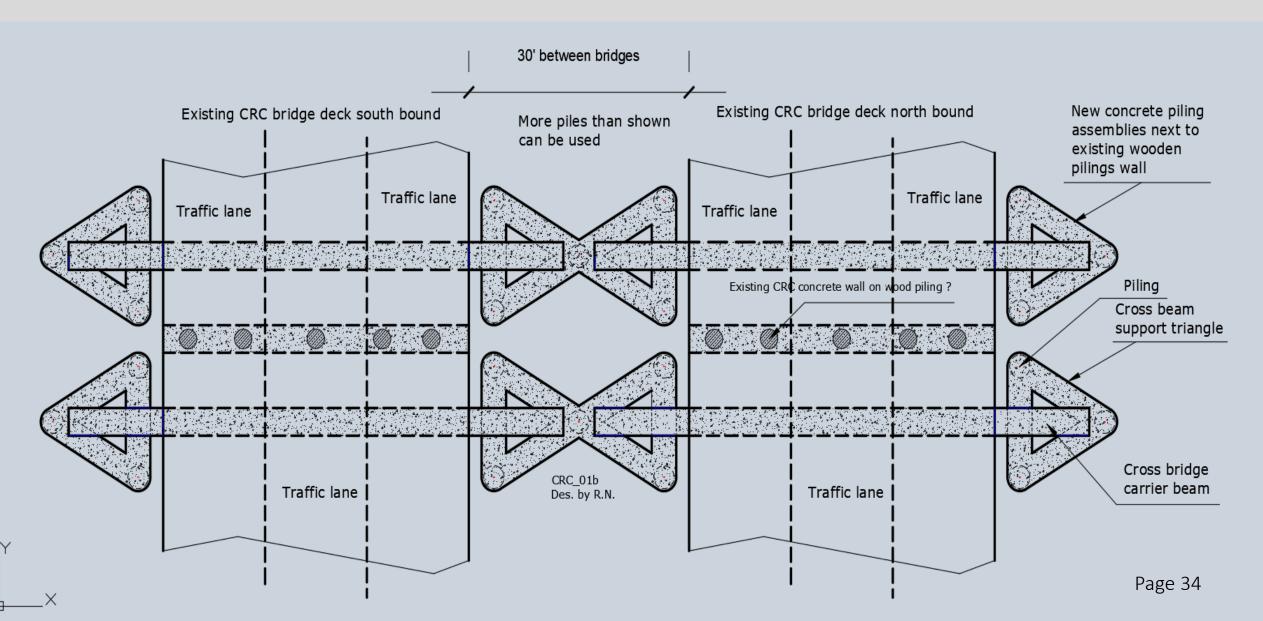
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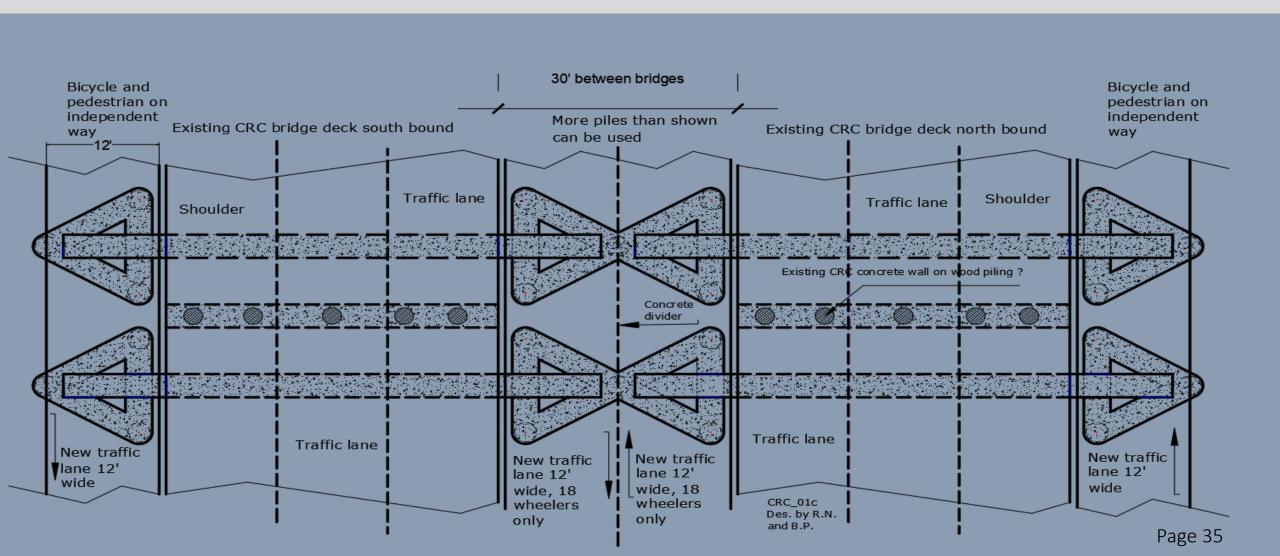
COLUMBIA RIVER CROSSING BETWEEN OREGON AND WASHINGTON Seismic I-5 Bridge Upgrade Solution and Aerial View of Bridge Sections



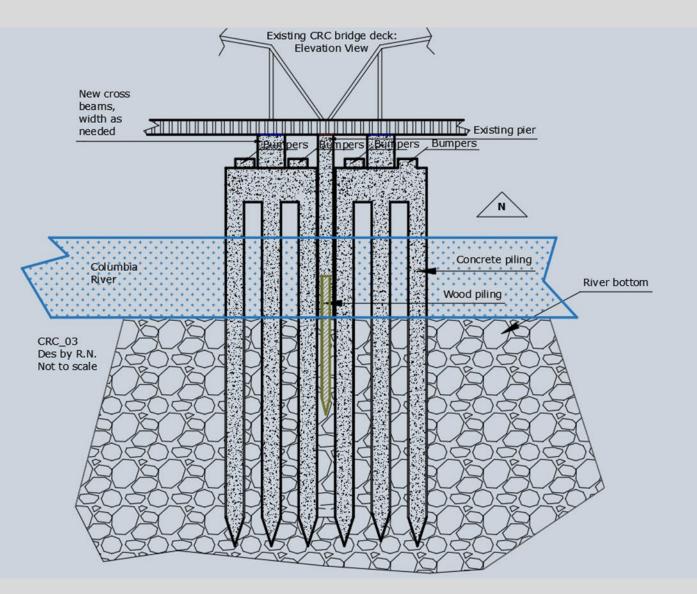
OPTION 1: NEW SEISMIC UPGRADE SOLUTION Existing Condition



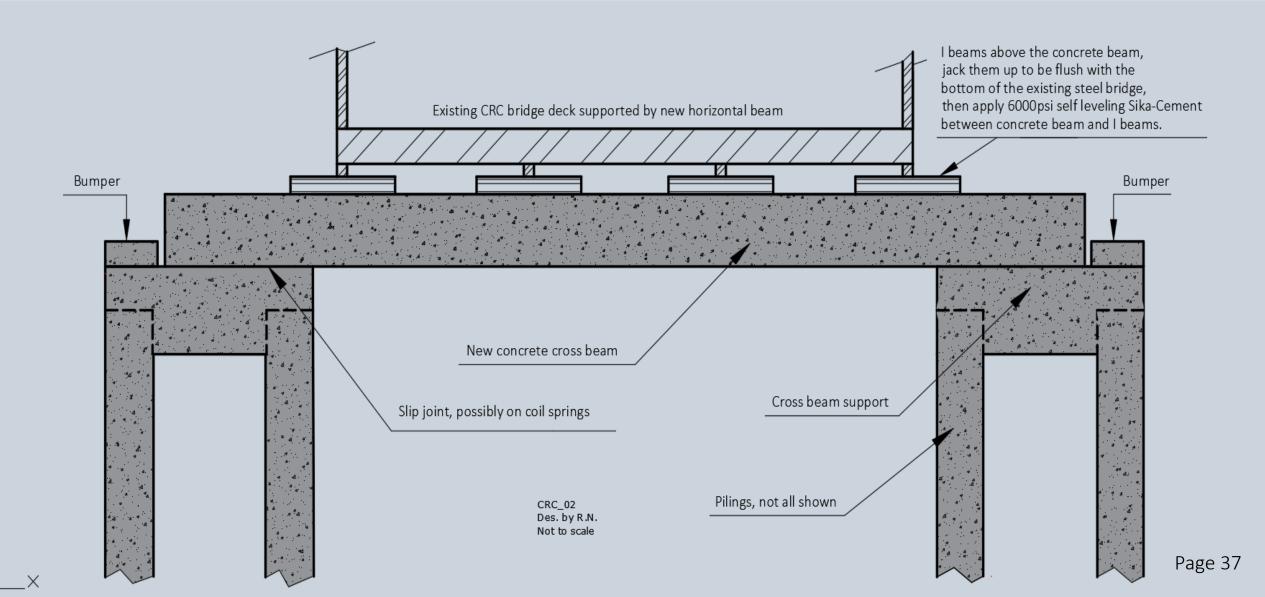
OPTION 2: NEW SEISMIC UPGRADE SOLUTION Existing Condition



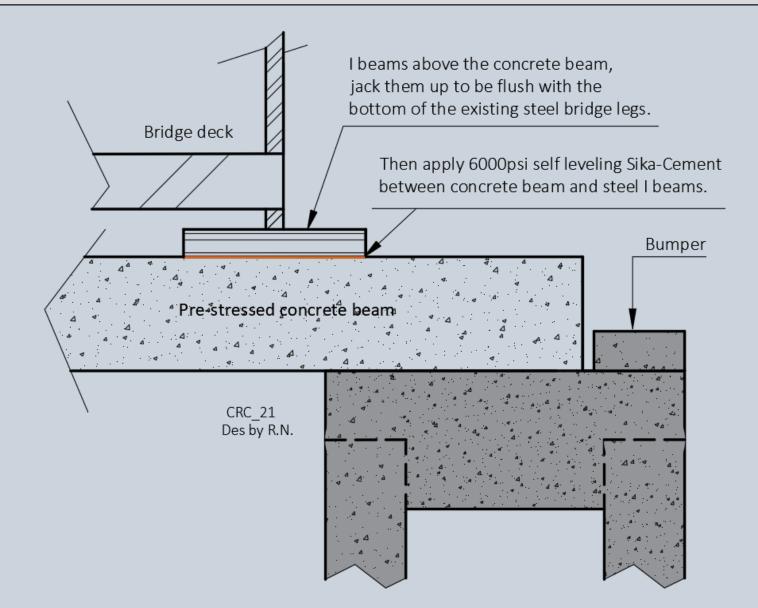
CROSS SECTION VIEW Center Pile is Wood



COLUMBIA RIVER CROSSING Seismic Upgrade Solution in Elevation View



COLUMBIA RIVER BRIDGE BASE Shoe Above I-Beam Assembly



BRIDGE SHOE DETAIL

Keep I-Beams Flush with Bridge Undercarriage. Apply Sika Cement Shim to Fill Voids.

Steel bridge undercarriage

